# H-1 Solvent Suppression: Frequently used options

- A. Ah1-presat { pre-saturation sequence }. solvent < 50%.
  - a. Limitation: all H-1 exchangeable with the Solvent will also be suppressed.
- B. Ah1\_supress\_se { Pulse Field Gradient Spin Echo sequence}. solvent > 70%
  - a. Limitation: H-1 signals within 0.1ppm region of the solvent will also be suppressed.
- C. Ah1-WET Multiple signals (solvents) suppression
  - **a.** Limitation: H-1 signals within 0.1ppm region of the solvents will also be suppressed.

**Test sample**: a 25mM Sucrose in 70% H2O:D2O solution.

Probe: any high resolution probe with gradient accessory; prefer BBI for higher sensitivity.

#### Part A: Procedure:

Remark: set and calibrate temperature for dilute samples.

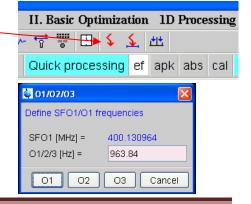
- 1. Insert your sample.
- 2. Create a new file, RPAR Ah1 and "GETPRSOL".
- 3. Tune H-1coil via the "WOBB", with sample non-spinning.
- 4. Lock, select "H2O+D2O".
- 5. SHIM: type or select "**TOPSHIM 3D**" instead of TOPSHIM for a complete 3D shim adjustment.

Comment: 3D shimming takes several more minutes than routine shimming.

- 6. Set NS = 2
- 7. Comment: RG is typically 2 or 1, due to large solvent water signal. You will only see the largest signal! See the typical spectrum in page 3.
- 8. Acquire a routine H1 spectrum. Follow the sequence in the UM set up pull down menu.
- 9. Click the in the top menu bar.
- 10. Place the mouse to the signal of solvent to be suppressed.

Left click to define the exact location of the transmitter offset.

Write down the value of offset. O1 (Hz).



# Part A (cont'd): Using Solvent pre-saturation pulse sequence.

- 1) Create a new experiment number "IEXPNO" with the same file name for your sample.
- 2) RPAR Ah1 presat.
- 3) GETPROSL and follow the instruction listed in the title page or this handout.
- 4) Special case: If your sample has high salt or extreme pH, calibrate all the pulses by typing a automation command "pulsecal". Wait till it is completed.
- 5) Don't type getprosol after "pulsecal".
- 6) Type O1 and set it to the value obtained from step #8 on page 1. Note "O' is letter o, not zero.
- 7) Question: do you have to shim or "wobb" again?
- 8) Set NS to 32, rga, zg to obtain a spectrum.

# Part B: Using Pulse Field Gradient Spin Echo sequence.

- 1) "IEXPNO" to create a new experiment number with the same sample data name.
- 2) RPAR "Ah1 supress se"; also named as "Ah1\_supress\_gp" (same program).
- 3) GETPROSOL and follow the instruction listed in the title page.
- 4) Type O1 and set it to the value obtained from step #8 on page 1.
- 5) Set NS= 32 on the test sample.
- 6) RGA and ZG to obtain a spectrum.

### Part C: Multiple solvents suppression with 13C decoupled

Test sample: 5mg Sucrose octa-acetate in  $C_6D_6$  with ~10 ul of acetone and CHCl<sub>3</sub>.

Default: spectral width is 16 ppm and offset at 2ppm.

- 1) Obtain a routine H1 spectrum, use min. NS to evaluate how many large undesirable signals (singlets) to be suppressed.
- 2) Type "rpar Ah1\_WET" and "getprosol".
- 3) Tune probe (both H1 and C13) and "getprosol".
- 4) Shim if you have not done it in step 1.
- 5) To define number of signals for suppression: Type L30 and enter the number of signals from step 1. Default is 2.
- 6) Define NS (Default is 32).
- 7) Use automation to start the measurement: type "xaua", but don't walk away!
- 8) Wait ~ 2-3 min, the automation will halt and prompt to a warning.
- 9) {"sref": "Reference peak not found, default calibration done"}. Click "close" to accept the warning.
- 10) The automation will resume and complete the measurement.

#### Report:

Part A and B: stack plot all three spectra from Part one and two.

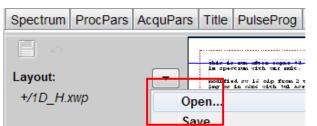
Use a layout that will enable you to adjust the scale on each spectrum.

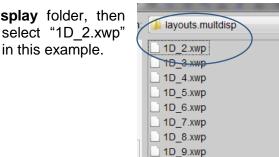
Option of software for stack plots:

- A. Old TOPSPIN version: "+/1D+1D+1D.xwp"
- B. Newer TOPSPIN 3.2 version "

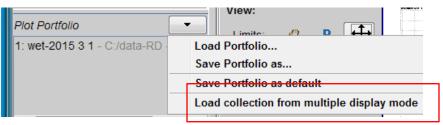
# Procedure: Stack plot: using TOPSPIN3.2

- 1) Display the first spectrum from part two (that uses the pulse gradient method).
- 2) Click multiple display icon to define all other two spectra from part one.
- 3) Exit the multidisplay window, and click plot.
- 4) Click Layout, open and select the multidisplay folder, then





5) To import all the spectra from step 1, click Plot Portfolio; then select "Load collection...".



6) All three spectra will be displayed stack, and each spectrum can be modified independently.

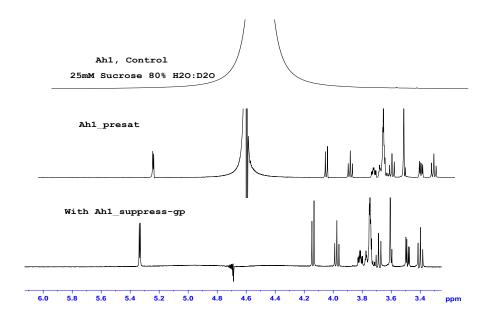
Report: Part C:

Stack plot two spectra using also layouts:

Old version "1D+1D/xwp" or the newer version "+/layouts.multidisp/1D\_2xp"

#### **EXAMPLE**:

25mM Sucrose in 80% H2O:D2O solution, preferred probe: 400 or 600 MHz H-1 BBI probe



Stack plot from Part C using WET sequence for two signals suppression.

Sucrose octa-acetate in  $C_6D_6$  with acetone and CHCl<sub>3</sub>.

